

Keeping your post-print

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Post-Print =

- the latest version approved by your peers and by the editor
- but that does not include the publisher's layout marks or logos

Bibliography

“What are my rights when publishing”?

- updated CNRS guide (1st edition, 2013 : CNRS). 2nd edition 2020
- Guide written with the help of a Scientific Council (*Collège Compétences et Formation du Comité pour la Science Ouverte*) consisting of authors: T. Balmon, T. Chaimbault-Petitjean, J. Janik, L. Tarin with the help of specialists: L. Maurel, O. Contat, C. Leymonerie.
- Online and printable versions available on here:
<https://www.ouvrirlascience.fr/get-started-with-open-science/>

France. Ministère de l'enseignement supérieur, de la recherche et de l'innovation. Open Science Committee. « Je publie, quels sont mes droits ? », 2nd edition 2020 available here: <https://www.ouvrirlascience.fr/je-publie-quels-sont-mes-droits> (Accessed on 26th January 2022). See also the HAL workshops: <https://bibliotheques.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr/se-former/les-ateliers-de-la-bu/inscription-aux-formations-hal-745226.kjsp?RH=1549706967580>



User Training Department

Enforcing your rights

Publishing, signing/negotiating a publishing contract, free licenses, HAL - Part 2

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- See also the BU's HAL workshops <https://bibliotheques.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr/se-former/les-ateliers-de-la-bu/inscription-aux-formations-hal-745226.kjsp?RH=1549706967580>

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Scientific publishing at the University

The author at the University

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As a PhD student and future researcher, you are assessed for the research you conduct. This assessment is largely based on your publications. The more you publish in your field's "major" journals the more you gain recognition. You become an author by publishing an article (but also a course, a thesis, a lecture etc.).

High "impact factor" journals are widely read and some of their articles are highly referenced in other articles in other journals, but this does not always mean that these articles are high quality. However, your assessment is very based on your ability to be published in them.

Process

When you want to be published in a journal, you submit your article (*pre-print*). The peer-reviewed journal has it reviewed by researchers in the relevant field. They annotate and correct it or ask for additional elements.

- The final corrected version (*post-print*) is sent to the journal, which formats it according to the journal's specifications (*pdf-editor*).
- The article can then be published.

In traditional literary publishing, authors assign their author's rights to a publisher for a fixed sum + a percentage of the sales of the published work. **Please note** that scientific journals do not pay any fees to researchers who write their articles, or the State, even though the latter funds the research!

Publishing contact: can I negotiate?

Author's rights consists of:

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